

2025

HISTORY

Full Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 33

Time: Three hours

All the questions are compulsory.

The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Question Nos. 1 to 10 are multiple choice questions. Choose the correct option and re-write the correct answer.

1. Which of the following is the meaning of Mesopotamia? 1
 - (A) Land between two bridges
 - (B) Land between two cities
 - (C) Land between two rivers
 - (D) Land between two poles

2. Identify the character of the Roman Emperor with the help of the following Information: 1
 - * Introduction of gold coins.
 - * Created a second capital at Constantinople.

(A) Augustine	(B) Constantine
(C) Diocletian	(D) Trajan

P.T.O.

3. To which of the following regions did the Mongols belong? 1
- (A) Prairies (B) Steppe lands
(C) Veld (D) Down
4. Consider the following statements and choose the correct option. 1
- I. France was known as Gaul during Roman Empire.
II. From 6th century, France was ruled by Frankish.
III. Pope Leo III Crowned Louis IV as Holy Roman Emperor.
IV. France was conquered by England in 11th century.
- Options :
- (A) I and II (B) I and III
(C) II and III (D) III and IV
5. Identify the name of the ruler from the information given below : 1
- (i) He was an absolute monarch ruled for 11 years (1629-40).
(ii) He called the parliament in 1640.
(iii) Parliament revolted against him and later executed him.
- (A) Charles I (B) Henry VII
(C) Louis XI (D) Maximilian
6. Which of the following cities contributed to the growth of Renaissance? 1
- A) Milan (B) Palermo
(C) Turin (D) Venice

7. Find out from the following pairs, which is correctly matched? 1

Column I

Column II

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (A) W. E. H Stenner | Great American silence |
| (B) Henry Reynold articulated in a powerful book | Why were n't we told ? |
| (C) Captain Cook | Apologised to the aboriginal people |
| (D) Kevin Rudd | Killed by a native in Hawaii |

8. Which of the following dynasties ruled in China before it became a Republic in 1911 ? 1

- | | |
|-------------------|----------|
| (A) Han | (B) Ming |
| (C) Qing (Manchu) | (D) Yuan |

9. Find out from the following pairs, which one is correctly matched? 1

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|
| (A) Foundation of Guomindang | - | 1921 |
| (B) Mao Tse Tung's long march | - | 1924-25 |
| (C) Meiji Constitution | - | 1889 |
| (D) Japan's invasion of China | - | 1931 |

10. The Treaty of Yandaboo was signed in _____ . 1

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (A) 1824 | (B) 1825 |
| (C) 1826 | (D) 1827 |

For Question Nos. 11 and 12 two statements are given- one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R).

11. Assertion (A): The reign of the king Loiyumba was regarded as a turning point in Manipur history. 1

Reason (R) : He introduced Gun-Powder in warfare.

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(C) A is true , but R is false
(D) A is false, but R is true
12. Assertion(A) : Manipur was politically and economically connected with neighbouring kingdoms of Cachar and Burma. 1

Reason(R) : The marriage of Naothingkhong with Cachari princess Chingurembi is an example.

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(C) A is true , but R is false
(D) A is true, but R is true

Answer Question Nos. 13 to 20 in one complete sentence each.

13. Why did China build the fortifications in the 8th century BCE ? 1
14. Who painted the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel ? 1
15. How did the humanist culture of Italy spread more rapidly in other part of Europe by the 16th century ? 1
16. What is the meaning of ' Fukoku- Kyohel ? 1

17. Why did the USA demand Japan to sign a treaty ? 1
18. Who ruled at Kangla before the emergence of Nongda Lairen Pakhangba in 33 A.D. ? 1
19. Why is it said that the reign of Sameirang was important in the political history of Manipur ? 1
20. How did king Ningthoukhomba able to annex Moirang by defeating king Sanahongba ? 1

Answer to Question Nos. 21 to 28 should be limited to 30 words each.

21. Why was trade so significant for the Mongols ? 2

Or

Why is it said that church enjoyed great privileges in the medieval society of Europe ?

22. Identify any two new developments in Europe from 14th to 17th centuries. 2

Or

“Natives of America and Europeans saw different things when they looked at the forests”. Explain the statement by citing two points.

23. Why did the Kuomintang fail to unite China ? 2

Or

How did Korea deal with the foreign currency crisis in 1997 ?

24. Why was king Kyamba’s reign an important period in the cultural history of Manipur. 2

Or

Why did the Angoms revolt against Meidingu Koiremba ?

25. "The Mesopotamian towns were unplanned unlike the Harappan towns". Explain by citing two points. 2
26. State the purposes of the Promulgation of Yasa. 2
27. "The humanist culture promotes the ideals of individuality and citizenship but it excluded women". Analyse the statement. 2
28. What was the ' Long March' ? 2

Answer to Question Nos. 29 to 36 should be limited to 60 words each.

29. "Efficient transport system was very necessary for urban development". Explain the statement by giving four points. 4

Or

"The cultural diversity of the Roman Empire was reflected in many ways and at many levels". Explain the statement by giving points.

30. How was the military organised under the leadership of Genghis Khan ? 4

Or

How did feudalism develop in England ?

31. Analyse the role of the Printing Press in Renaissance. 4

Or

"Multiculturalism became the official policy in Australia, after 1970s". Analyse this statement.

32. " Khagemba was a great conqueror and an able administrator". Explain the statement. 4

Or

How was Charairongba's reign a turning point in the history of Manipur ?

33. State the four uses of writing in Mesopotamian civilization. 4
34. "The rapid rebuilding of the Japanese economy after its shattering defeat was called a post-war miracle". Analyse this statement. 4

(Source based Question)

35. Read the following source carefully and answer the questions that follow.

From the ninth century, frequent localised wars in Europe felt the need for good cavalry. This led to the growing importance of the new section of nobles i.e. the Knights. The Knights were linked to the lords in the same way as the lords were linked to the king. The lord gave the knight the Fief and promised to protect it. The Fief could be inherited. The Fief accommodated the house for the knight and his family, the church, housed for his dependants, watermill and wine press. As in the Feudal Manor, the land of the Fief was cultivated by peasants. In return, the knight paid his lord a regular fee and fought for him in war. The knights usually spent their time practicing pencing fencing with dummies.

- (i) Why did Europe need knight in 9th century? 1
- (ii) Who cultivated the land of the knight? 1
- (iii) What might have happened if there was no knights in medieyal Europe? 2
36. 1. On the outline map of Central Asia provided (A), locate the following places with name :
(i) Kurakoram (ii) Turfan 1+1= 2
2. On the same outline map identify two places related to the campaigns of the Mongols under Genghis Khan and write their correct names with the mark of A and B. 1+1= 2

Answer to Question Nos. 37 to 40 should be limited to 150 words each.

37. Analyse on the development of writing in Mesopotamia. 8

Or

“The rapid succession of Emperors in the third century is an obvious symptom of the strains faced by the Roman Empire in this period”. Analyse this statement.

38. Analyse the impact of Humanism on Christianity. 8

Or

“European colonization significantly transformed the landscape and demography of North America”. Analyse this statement.

39. How did Meiji reform modernise the Japan's economy? 8

Or

How did the communist party of China rise to power?

40. How was Ningthouja clan consolidated in the 15th century? 8

Or

“The reign of Garibniwaz was a turning point in the history of social and religious life of Manipur”. Explain this statement.