

2021

STATISTICS

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time: Three hours

*Attempt all Questions.**The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.**For Question Nos. 3, 8, 11 and 14, choose the correct answer and rewrite.*

1. Define empty Set. 1
2. Find the value of ${}^b C_2$. 1
3. ${}^n P_r$ is equal to – 1
 - (A) $\frac{n!}{r!}$
 - (B) $\frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$
 - (C) $\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$
 - (D) $\frac{n!}{(r-n)!}$
4. A and B are any two joint sets which are subsets of the Sample Space S. Draw the Venn-diagram of $A \cap B$. 1

P.T.O.

5. Define Skewness. 1
6. The Coefficient of variation of two series A and B are 6.5 and 9.8. State which series has more uniformity. 1
7. Define median. 1
8. The sum of the deviations of a set of values from their arithmetic mean is 1
- (A) 0
- (B) +1
- (C) -1
- (D) mean deviation
9. Define Correlation. 1
10. The correlation between height and weights is negative correlation. Is the above statement true? If not, write the correct statement. 1
11. If one of the regression Coefficient is lesser than unity, then the other must be 1
- (A) equal to zero
- (B) equal to unity
- (C) greater than unity
- (D) lesser than unity
12. Define Laspeyre's price index. 1
13. Calculate the purchasing power of money, if the Cost of living index number is 150. 1

14. Component of a time series measured by moving average method is 1
- (A) Irregular variation
- (B) Seasonal variation
- (C) Cyclical fluctuation
- (D) Trend
15. Define the intersection of two sets A and B by giving an example. 2
16. Distinguish between $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ and $f(a)$. 2
17. If $A = \{1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$
 $B = \{2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9\}$, then
 find (i) $A \cup B$ and (ii) $A - B$. 2
18. Draw a rough sketch of 2
- (i) Positively Skewel Curve and
- (ii) Negatively Skewed Curve.
19. Define bivaciate distribution under what condition the variables are said to be positively correlated. 2
20. Write two uses of index numbrers. 2
21. Calculate Paascke's price index, if Laspeyre's and Fisher's price index numbers are 120 and 110 respectively. 2

22. Define the principle of least squares in fitting a straight line by the method of least squares. . . . 2

23. Calculate the three-yearly moving average of profits of a Company from the data given below : 2

Year .	:	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Profit (Rs. in crores)	:	42	47	52	45	13

24. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the following:

(i) $y = e^x \operatorname{Cosec} x$, and

(ii) $y = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$. 4

25. What is meant by the measure of dispersion ? State any two characteristics for an ideal measure of dispersion. 4

26. The first four moments of a distribution are 1, 4, 16 and 82. Calculate the 1st four central moments of the distribution. 4

27. If $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$ and $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$ are the equations of the lines of regression of y on x and x on y respectively, then prove that $a_1b_2 \leq a_2b_1$. 4

28. Construct Laspeyre's price index number from the following data : 4

Commodity	Price		Quantity	
	1990	1992	1990	1992
A	4	10	50	40
B	3	8	10	8
C	2	4	5	4

29. Write the main steps in the construction of cost of living index number. 4

30. Write the four components of a time series. 4

31. Define the following : 4

(i) Sample

(ii) Population

(iii) Parameter and

(iv) Statistic.

32. Investigate, for what values of x ,

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 9$$

will be (i) maximum and (ii) minimum. 6

33. Calculate the mean deviation from the mean from the following data: 6

Marks :	0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
No. of Students :	15	10	15	20	40

34. Obtain the two regression lines from the following data : 6

	Chennai	Mumbai
Average Price	66	68
Standard deviation	2.5	3.4

$$\text{and } r_{xy} = 0.8$$

35. An enquiry into the budgets of middle class families in Mumbai gave the following information : 6

Expenses on	Food 30%	Rent 20%	Clothing 20%	Fuel 10%	Misc. 20%
Price in 1988 (Rs.) :	150	50	100	20	60
Price in 1989 (Rs.) :	180	60	125	25	90

What changes in the cost of living figure of 1989 have taken place as compared to 1988 ?

36. Determine the equation of a straight line by the method of least squares from the following data : 6

Year	:	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Sales (in Rs.)'000	:	32	50	75	80	60

37. State briefly the advantages of Sample Survey over Complete enumeration survey. 6