

2020

**BIOLOGY**  
**(Theory)**

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 21

Time : Three hours

*All the questions are compulsory.*

*The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.*

*For Question Nos. 1 to 4 select most appropriate one from the given alternatives A, B, C and D and rewrite the same.*

1. How many times of mitotic division will take place to produce 512 cells from a single parent cell ? 1
  - A. 8
  - B. 158
  - C. 256
  - D. 512
  
2. Mass flow hypothesis explains the process of 1
  - A. Transpiration
  - B. Translocation of solutes
  - C. Ascent of sap
  - D. Root pressure

P.T.O.

3. Which one of the following is infectious particles without nucleic acid? 1
- A. Virus
  - B. Viroid
  - C. Virion
  - D. Prions

4. What will happen to a person, if one kidney is removed? 1
- A. He will die
  - B. There will be no urination
  - C. The person will survive and remain normal
  - D. Urea will go on accumulation to his blood

*Question Nos. 5 to 14 are very short answer type questions carrying 1 mark each.*

5. What is meant by plasmogamy? 1
6. Define uremia. 1
7. Why is classification necessary in the study of living organisms? 1
8. Explain the importance of zinc in some enzymes. 1
9. How porins help in diffusion? 1
10. What is the difference between skeletal muscle and smooth muscle? 1
11. Give one point of difference between pectoral and pelvic girdles. 1
12. Cut a transverse section of a young stem of a plant and study it under the dissecting microscope.
- How would you ascertain whether it is a monocot stem or a dicot stem? Give one reason. 1
13. Why ATP (adenosine triphosphate) is known as energy currency in living system? 1
14. Explain why respiration in organisms is known as cellular respiration? 1

*Question Nos. 15 to 24 are short answer type -II questions carrying 2 marks each.*

15. Mention two economic importance of the family Fabaceae. 2
16. What are the two key features of metaphase in mitosis? 2
17. Enumerate two similarities between Aves and Mammalia. 2
18. Why are the roots modified? Explain with a suitable example. 2
19. Identify two significance of meiosis in sexually reproducing organisms. 2
20. Why root pressure only provide a modest push in the over all process of water transportation? 2
21. Write two points of difference between photoperiodism and vernalisation. 2
22. In what way hypothalamus differs from thalamus? 2
23. Explain why the bryophytes are known as the amphibians of the plant kingdom. 2
24. Analyse the role of Islet of Langerhans in maintaining sugar level in human body. 2

*Question Nos. 25 to 31 are short answer type -I questions carrying 3 marks each.*

25. Define aerobic respiration. Describe the two crucial events in aerobic respiration. 3
26. What is the diaphragm of human body? Mention its role in breathing. 3
27. State three points of difference between  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  plants in regard to  $CO_2$  fixation. 3
28. By the study of abdomen how you can identify a female cockroach ? Give three points. 3

29. Why do lipids, whose molecular weight do not exceed 800 Da, come under macromolecular fraction ? 3
30. Bile juice contains no digestive enzyme, yet it is important in digestion. Give reasons. 3
31. Draw a diagram of an open stomata and label subsidiary cells, chloroplast, guard cells and stomatal pore. 3

*For Question Nos. 32 to 34 are essay type questions carrying 5 marks each.*

32. Illustrate five points of difference between Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells. 5
33. Identify five functions of blood in human body. 5
34. Predict the different roles played by Phosphorous, Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium and Sulphur in plants. 5

OR

“Transpiration is a necessary evil”. Comment.

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