technology by using an

(B) Aspergillus oryzac

What is RefSeq database?

9.9 Explain the major primary and of bioinformatics.

Explain the main effect of excessive foaming in microbia

Husbrate one application of Entrez.

## 2023

## BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Theory)

Full Marks: 70

Pass Marks: 21

Culture of an unorganizaruod sendT: smiTn are perenchymatous in nature is T

Idealist was All the questions are compulsory.

The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Question Nos. 1 to 4 are of objective type questions carrying 1 mark each, select the most appropriate one from the given alternatives A, B, C and D and rewrite the same.

- (D) cell suspension culture 10 1. A human disease, caused due to lack of a particular sub-unit, alpha and beta of don't oxygen carrying protein hemoglobin is - one and the cold and the cold more and the
  - (A) Thalassaemia the transfer which can join two DNA fragments and small two
  - (B) Mad cow disease
  - (C) Sickle cell anaemia
  - (D) Severe combined immunodeficiency
- Suggest the number of predicted genes in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. 12.
  - (A) 5000
  - (B) 6340
  - (C) 13,600
  - (D) 19,000

Contd.

3.	Commercially developed Vitamin B12 is produced via recombinant I	ONA
	technology by using -	1
	(A) Aspergillus niger	
	(B) Aspergillus oryzae	
	(C) Leuconostoc mensteroides	
	(D) Propionibacterium shermanii	
4.	Culture of an unorganized mass of cells, which are parenchymatous in natural	re is –
	(A) organ culture	1 .
	(B) explant culture	
	(C) callus culture	Sili
relan	(D) cell suspension culture  A fruman discuse cancel due to lack of a pardicular sub-cont, alpha and	
For	Question Nos. 5 to 14 are short answer type questions carrying 1 mark	
5.	Name the enzyme which can join two DNA fragments.	1
6.	What is RefSeq database?	1
7.	What is monoab-CD3?	1
8.	Explain the main aim of Southern Hybridization Technique.	1
9.	Explain the major primary aim of bioinformatics.	1
10.	Illustrate one application of Entrez.	1
11.	Explain the main effect of excessive foaming in microbial processes.	1
12 E	3tn (T) 27/23 2	Contd

	그 사람들은 그리고 있는 그렇게 된 것이 그렇게 하면 되면 그렇게 되었다면 그렇게	
12.	. How batch culture differs from fed-batch culture?	
13.	. Distinguish organogenesis from somatic embryogenesis.	
14.	. "Synthesis of DNA is required for the survival of living organism". Suggest the major enzymes responsible for this process.	
Qu	estion Nos. 15 to 24 are short answer type II questions carrying 2 marks each	
15.		2
16.	List two vectorless methods of introduction of rDNA into host cells.	2
17.	. Identify two easiest ways to measure microbial growth.	2
18.	Explain the essential conditions to be considered before the industrial sca production of proteins.	le 2
19.	Give two differentiating points between yeast artificial chromosomes and bacter artificial chromosomes.	ial 2
20.	A pilot plant is necessary before mass production of microbes commercia Why?	lly.
21.	Differentiate between finite cell lines and continuous cell lines by giving	wo
	points.	2
22.	An enzyme produced by bacteria which can digest most of the proteins commo involved in soil clothing. Predict the name of the protein and its mode of act	
23.	Demonstrate with two examples of transgenic plant for the productio	n of
	biodegradable plastics.	2
24.	Temperature for mammalian cell culture in incubators are maintained at 3	7ºC.
	Give reason.	2

E	· Question Nos. 25 to 31 are short answer type I questions carrying 3 marks eac	h.
ror	Write three applications of plant genetic engineering.	3
	How PCR techniques can revolutionized in many aspects of modern biology?	3
26. 27.	Explain how random shotgun sequencing approach can sequence the DNA of	an 3
28.	organism?  'Not all genetic variations are beneficial'. Summarize this statement by give three examples of human diseases.	ing 3
29.	Demonstrate three good microbiological practices required to culture	oes.
30.	Illustrate how, male sterility can be restored from a male sterile plant.	3
	Draw an outline diagram of a mass spectrometer and label electromagnet amplifier.	and
For	Question Nos. 32 to 34 are essay type questions carrying 5 marks each.	
32.	Illustrate protein based products developed by recombinant DNA technology.	5
33.	Indicate five uses of Erythropoietin. We stand wisesseen at Insig tolig A	220
34.	A biotechnologist is able to create mutation selectively by using site-dire	ected
vzi gi	mutagenesis. Justify this statement by giving five points.	.125
	An enzyme produced by bacteria which can digest most of the proteins com	
	involved in soil clothing. Predict the name of the protein and its mode or	
	and the second anism of South on Mybridha level	
noi	Demonstrate with two examples of transgenic plant for the product biodegradable plastics.	23.
	Temperature for mammalian cell culture in incubators are maintained at	24.