

2024

HISTORY

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time : Three Hours

All the questions are compulsory.

The figure in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.

*Answer Question Nos. 1 to 8 by writing A or B or C or D
of the correct answer.*

1. Which of the following artefacts was a luxury object in Harappan Civilisation ? 1
(A) Querns
(B) Needles
(C) Flesh- rubbers
(D) Faience Pots
2. In which of the following countries was Dipavamsa (Buddhist Chronicle) written ? 1
(A) Sri Lanka
(B) China
(C) Nepal
(D) India
3. From which part of India did the early Bhakti Movement of 7th century CE originate ? 1
(A) South India
(B) North India
(C) Western India
(D) Eastern India

4. Which of the following lands was fit for cultivation and bear crop every year, during Mughal period ? 1
- (A) Polas
 - (B) Parauti
 - (C) Chachar
 - (D) Banjar
5. Which of the following monuments was built to welcome king George V to India in 1911 CE ? 1
- (A) Taj Mahal Hotel
 - (B) Gateway of India
 - (C) India Gate
 - (D) Victoria terminus
6. Which incident prompted Gandhiji to call off the Non-Cooperation movement in 1922 ? 1
- (A) Chauri Chaura incident
 - (B) Jallian Bagh massacre
 - (C) Kanpur conspiracy case
 - (D) Peasants agitation at Champaran
7. Which of the following is the study of coins? 1
- (A) Archaeology
 - (B) Paleography
 - (C) Numismatics
 - (D) Epigraphy
8. Chakpa Makhao Ngambi, the royal princess was betrothed to the Burmese King during the reign of _____ . 1

- (A) Mungyamba
- (B) Garibniwaj
- (C) Charairongba
- (D) Paikhomba

Answer Question Nos. 9 to 16 in one complete sentence each.

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| 9. | Who were Alvars ? | 1 |
| 10. | Why did the issue of token coins by Muhammad Bin Tughlaq, not mention in the Account of Ibn Battuta ? Give one point. | 1 |
| 11. | “Buddhism had its impact on the growth and spread of education in India”. Justify the statement. | 1 |
| 12. | Who introduced the new land taxation system (Revenue policy) known as ‘Ain-i-Dahsala’ during the Akbar’s period ? | 1 |
| 13. | Name the Temporary chairman of the first session of the constituent Assembly of India on December 9, 1946. | 1 |
| 14. | In which year the first Anglo-Manipuri treaty was signed ? | 1 |
| 15. | Why was the Treaty of Yandaboo (1826) so important in the history of Manipur ? Give one point. | 1 |
| | “Moriya Phambalcha greatly contributed to the pursuit of agricultural knowledge and techniques”. Justify the statement. | 1 |

Answer to question Nos. 17 to 26 should be limited to 30 words each.

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| 16. | “Epigraphy does not provide a full understanding of political and economic history”. Justify the statement. | 2 |
| 17. | Give two examples where the Brahmanical rules of Gotras were not followed in ancient India. | 2 |
| 18. | Write any two occupations to be performed by Kshetriyas as per varna order. | 2 |

19. Explain the barriers, felt by Al- Biruni, in understanding what he observed in India. 2
20. Why is it said that ' Mahanavami Dibba' was one of the important structures of Vijayanagara Empire ? 2
21. Analyse how the building pattern of colonial cities on India changes after the revolt of 1857 ? 2
22. Why did the British import European style in Bombay's Architecture ? 2
23. Mention any reasons for the failure of Cripps Mission in India in 1942. 2
24. Name any two prehistoric sites of Manipur in the Palaeolithic culture. 2
25. Why did the Burmese king, Bodaw-Paya help Marjit to oust his brother Chourjit from the throne of Manipur in 1813 ? 2

Answer to question Nos. 27 to 33 should be limited to 60 words each.

27. State any four reasons for the downfall of the Gupta Empire. 4
28. What were the salient features of temple architecture under the Vijayanagara Empire ? 4
29. "The fall of the Khongjom is a turning point in the history of Mnaipur". Justify the statement. 4
30. Explain briefly the doctrine of Buddhism. 4

OR

Describe the doctrine of Jainism. 4

31. How did jotedars weaken zamindari authority in Bengal by the end of the 18th century ? 4

OR

Explain four strategies devised by zamindars to save their estates from auction by the colonial Government. 4

32. Why is it generally believed that hatred between India and Pakistan is due to partition ? 4

OR

- Describe the harrowing experience of women on the occasion of partition of India. 4
33. Why did the Zeliangrong Movement start in the early part of 20th century in Manipur ? 4

OR

- Why did the Second Nupilan erupt in 1939 ? 4
34. Draw an outline map of India and on it locate the following places with names, where: 2+1+1=4
- (i) Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place in 1919.
- (ii) Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi was born on 2nd October, 1869.

Answer to question Nos. 35 to 38 should be limited to 150 words each.

35. Describe briefly the drainage system and Great Bath of Harappan civilization. 8

OR

- Explain the administration system of the Mauryan Empire. 8
36. Analyse the perspective of Ibn Battuta and Francis Bernier on the condition of women in the Indian sub-continent. 8

OR

- Analyse the impact of the Bhakti Movement. 8
37. Analyse the nature of the revolt of 1857. 8

OR

- Analyse any four major issues that were discussed and debated in the making of the Indian constitution. 8
38. Discuss the four characteristic of the Proto historical period. 8

OR

- Explain the role of Gambhir Singh in the liberation of Manipur from the Burmese occupation. 8
